401 Timekeeping *Effective Date: 05/07/2018*

In order to properly calculate your pay and benefits, federal and state laws require us to keep an accurate record of all time you work, no matter how small the increment. As a result, it is your responsibility to record all of the time you spend working. However, elected officials are not required to keep time records.

Time worked is all the time actually spent performing assigned duties, including work performed away from our workplace, such as at job sites, or from your home. In general, work should not be performed outside of our workplace, unless doing so is specifically required for your position, or you have received advance approval from your supervisor.

If you are non-exempt, you should accurately record the time you begin and end your work, as well as the beginning and ending time of each meal period. You should also record the beginning and ending time of any split shift or departure from work for personal reasons. You must obtain your supervisor's approval before performing any overtime work. If you are exempt, you must keep accurate records of any leave periods, including annual leave or sick leave.

You may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, if you alter, falsify, or tamper with time records, or record time on another employee's time record.

You should report to work no more than 7 minutes prior to your scheduled starting time. You should not work more than 7 minutes after your scheduled stop time without first obtaining your supervisor's consent.

You are responsible for verifying the accuracy of all time you record. Your supervisor will review and then certify your time record before submitting it for payroll processing. If corrections or modifications are made to the time record, both you and your supervisor must verify the accuracy of the changes to the time record.